





PO Box 1535 Tacoma WA 98401



CT Renal 3 Phase + Pelvis CT Abdomen Pelvis WO W - NC.A.V, Pelvis during V

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In accordance with the ALARA principle, TRA policies and protocols promote the utilization of radiation dose reduction techniques for all CT examinations. For scanner/protocol combinations that allow for the use of automated exposure control and/or iterative reconstruction algorithms while maintaining diagnostic image quality, those techniques can be employed when appropriate. For examinations that require manual or fixed mA/kV settings as a result of individual patient or scanner/protocol specific factors, technologists are empowered and encouraged to adjust mA, kV or other scan parameters based on patient size (including such variables as height, weight, body mass index and/or lateral width) with the goals of reducing radiation dose and maintaining diagnostic image quality.

If any patient at a TRA-MINW outpatient facility requires CT re-imaging, obtain radiologist advice prior to proceeding with the exam.

The following document is an updated CT protocol for all of the sites at which TRA-MINW is responsible for the administration, quality, and interpretation of CT examinations.

Include for ALL exams

- Scout: Send all scouts for all cases
- Reformats: Made from thinnest source acquisition
 - Scroll Display
 - Axial recons Cranial to caudal
 - Coronal recons Anterior to posterior
 - Sagittal recons Right to left
 - o Chest reformats should be in separate series from Abdomen/Pelvis reformats, where applicable
- kVp
- o 100 @ <=140lbs
- o 120 @ >140lbs
- mAs
 - Prefer: Quality reference mAs for specific exam, scanner and patient size
 - Auto mAs, as necessary







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Indication - Pelvis screen added to renal mass characterization:

- Evaluate/characterize incidental indeterminate renal lesions
- Known renal mass s/p partial nephrectomy
- Known renal malignancy s/p surgery with KNOWN residual tumor
- Known renal mass s/p cryoablation or radiofrequency ablation

NOTES:

- 1. Multiphase MRI preferred if possible
- 2. Known renal mass for routine follow-up (with or without medical treatment = Routine CT Abd Pel (70s, single phase)
- 3. Renal mass s/p *total* nephrectomy = Routine CT Abd Pel (70s, single phase)

Patient Position: Supine, feet down with arms above head

Scan Range (CC z-axis): 1 cm above diaphragm through lesser trochanter

Prep: No solids (liquids OK) for 3 hours prior to examination

• Note: Okay to continue examination if prep is incomplete or not done

Oral Contrast: None

IV Contrast Dose, Flush, Rate, and Delay:

Dose: (modify volume if using something other than Isovue 370)

< 200 lbs
 75 mL Isovue 370
 200-250 lbs
 >100 mL Isovue 370
 >250 lbs
 125 mL Isovue 370

Flush: 40 mL saline

Rate: 4 mL/sec (20-gauge or larger IV)

• Delay: Late arterial (bolus tracking or 40s), Late venous 90s (pelvis included)

Acquisitions: 3 (1 non-contrast + 2 post-contrast)

- Non-contrast (abdomen only)
- Late Arterial Phase (Corticomedullary, abdomen only) BOLUS TRACKING on descending aorta just above hiatus, start scan 15 seconds after ROI exceeds 150 HU.
 - ONLY IF scanner is NOT able to perform bolus tracking, use 40 second delay
- Late Venous Phase (Nephrographic, abdomen + pelvis) 90 second delay





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Series + Reformats:

- 1. Non-contrast (abdomen only)
 - a. Axial 2-2.5 mm ST kernel
- 2. Late Arterial Phase (Corticomedullary, abdomen only)
 - a. Axial 2-2.5 mm ST kernel
 - b. Coronal 2 mm ST kernel
 - c. Sagittal 2 mm ST kernel
- 3. Venous Phase (Nephrographic, abdomen + pelvis)
 - a. Axial 2-2.5 mm ST kernel
 - b. Coronal 2 mm ST kernel
 - c. Sagittal 2 mm ST kernel

***Machine specific protocols are included below for reference

Machine specific recons (axial ranges given above for machine variability):

*Soft tissue (ST) Kernel, machine-specific thickness (axial):

- GE = 2.5 mm
- Siemens = 2 mm
- Toshiba = 2 mm

Source(s):

https://c.ymcdn.com/sites/www.abdominalradiology.org/resource/resmgr/education_dfp/RCC/RCC.CTprotocolsfinal-7-15-17.pdf

General Comments

NOTE:

Use of IV contrast is preferred for most indications <u>aside from</u>: pulmonary nodule follow-up, HRCT, lung cancer screening, and in patients with a contraindication to iodinated contrast (see below).





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Contrast Relative Contraindications

- Severe contrast allergy: anaphylaxis, laryngospasm, severe bronchospasm
 - If there is history of severe contrast allergy to IV contrast, avoid administration of oral contrast
- Acute kidney injury (AKI): Creatinine increase of greater than 30% over baseline
 - Reference hospital protocol (creatinine cut-off may vary)
- Chronic kidney disease (CKD) stage 4 or 5 (eGFR < 30 mL/min per 1.73 m²) NOT on dialysis
 - Reference hospital protocol

Contrast Allergy Protocol

- Per hospital protocol
- Discuss with radiologist as necessary

Hydration Protocol

• For eGFR **30-45 mL/min** per 1.73 m²: Follow approved hydration protocol

IV Contrast (where indicated)

- Isovue 370 is the default intravenous contrast agent
 - See specific protocols for contrast volume and injection rate
- If Isovue 370 is unavailable:
 - Osmolality 350-370 (i.e., Omnipaque 250): Use same volume as Isovue 370
 - Osmolality 380-320 (i.e., Isovue 300, Visipaque): Use indicated volume + 25 mL (not to exceed 125 mL total contrast)

Oral Contrast

- Dilutions to be performed per site/hospital policy (unless otherwise listed)
- Volumes to be given per site/hospital policy (unless otherwise listed)
- TRA-MINW document is available for reference if necessary (see website)

Brief Summary

- Chest only
 - ✓ Chest W, Chest WO
 - ✓ CTPE
 - ✓ HRCT
 - ✓ Low Dose Screening/Nodule
 - None
- Pelvis only
 - ✓ Pelvis W. Pelvis WO
 - Water, full instructions as indicated
- Routine, excluding chest only and pelvis only
 - ✓ Abd W. Abd WO
 - ✓ Abd/Pel W, Abd/Pel WO







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- ✓ Chest/Abd W, Chest/Abd WO
- ✓ Chest/Abd/Pel W, Chest/Abd/Pel WO
- ✓ Neck/Chest/Abd/Pel W, Neck/Chest Abd Pel WO
- ✓ CTPE + Abd/Pel W
 - TRA-MINW offices: Dilute Isovue-370
 - O Hospital sites:
 - ED: Water, if possible
 - Inpatient: prefer Dilute Isovue 370
 - Gastrografin OK if Isovue unavailable
 - Avoid Barium (Readi-Cat)
 - FHS/MHS Outpatient: Gastrografin and/or Barium (Readi-Cat)

Multiphase abdomen/pelvis

- ✓ Liver, pancreas
 - Water, full instructions as indicated
- ✓ Renal, adrenal
 - None

CTA abdomen/pelvis

- ✓ Mesenteric ischemia, acute GI bleed, endograft
 - Water, full instructions as indicated

Enterography

o Breeza, full instructions as indicated

Esophogram

Dilute Isovue 370, full instructions as indicated

Cystogram, Urogram

None

Venogram

Water, full instructions as indicated