



PO Box 1535 Tacoma WA 98401



CT (Pulmonary Embolism) & CTA Abdomen / Pelvis CTA Chest (PE) & CTA A/P

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In accordance with the ALARA principle, TRA policies and protocols promote the utilization of radiation dose reduction techniques for all CT examinations. For scanner/protocol combinations that allow for the use of automated exposure control and/or iterative reconstruction algorithms while maintaining diagnostic image quality, those techniques can be employed when appropriate. For examinations that require manual or fixed mA/kV settings as a result of individual patient or scanner/protocol specific factors, technologists are empowered and encouraged to adjust mA, kV or other scan parameters based on patient size (including such variables as height, weight, body mass index and/or lateral width) with the goals of reducing radiation dose and maintaining diagnostic image quality.

If any patient at a TRA-MINW outpatient facility requires CT re-imaging, obtain radiologist advice prior to proceeding with the exam.

The following document is an updated CT protocol for all of the sites at which TRA-MINW is responsible for the administration, quality, and interpretation of CT examinations.

Include for ALL exams

- Scout: Send all scouts for all cases
- Reformats: Made from thinnest source acquisition
 - Scroll Display
 - Axial recons Cranial to caudal
 - Coronal recons Anterior to posterior
 - Sagittal recons Right to left
 - Chest reformats should be in separate series from Abdomen/Pelvis reformats, where applicable
- kVp
- o 100 @ <140lbs
- 120 @ >140lbs
- mAs
 - Prefer: Quality reference mAs for specific exam, scanner and patient size
 - Auto mAs, as necessary

OTHER:

- Please call radiologist for OUTPATIENT rule out PE before patient leaves department
 - Mark these studies STAT







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CTA Chest & CTA Abdomen + Pelvis

Indication: Evaluate for pulmonary embolism, chest pain, shortness of breath, etc + abdominal pain, nausea/vomiting, sepsis, etc.

-can be used for any combination of CTA of the Chest Abdomen pelvis (CT PE + CTA A/P or CTA chest + CTA A/P or CTA thoracic aorta and CTA A/P)

Patient Position: Supine, feet down with arms above head

Oral Contrast:

**For specific volume + dilution based on examination type, see separate Oral Contrast protocol document and/or hospital policy for below indicated agents

- TRA-MINW offices: Dilute Isovue 370
- Hospital sites:
 - o ED: Water, if possible (500 mL 15-20 min before examination)
 - Inpatient:
 - Prefer: Dilute Isovue 370
 - If above unavailable: Gastrografin
 - Avoid Barium (Readi-Cat)
 - o FHS/MHS Outpatient: Gastrografin and/or Barium (Readi-Cat), per hospital/site policy

IV Contrast Dose, Flush, Rate, and Delay:

• Dose & Rate: (modify volume if using something other than Isovue 370; 20-gauge or larger IV, at least 4 inches above wrist or pressure injectable line)

< 200 lbs
 100 mL Isovue 370, 4cc/sec

o > 200 lbs 125 mL Isovue 370, 5cc/sec

Flush: 50 mL saline







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Acquisitions: 2 (arterial, delay)

NOTES:

- Breathing (all phases): End inspiration
- Coverage: Arterial: Top of lung apices through lesser trochanters, Delay (A/P): 1cm above diaphragm to lesser trochanter

Arterial phase

- o Trigger bolus off ascending aorta, threshold 100 HU. If trigger bolus not possible, use delay of 30sec.
- Acquisition helical thickness (slice) 0.6 mm -1 mm

Delayed (Late Venous) phase

- o Acquisition helical thickness (slice) 1 1.25 mm
- Delay of 75 seconds

Series + Reformats:

- **Arterial (Full Chest / Abdomen / Pelvis)**
 - o Axial 0.625 1 mm vascular or soft tissue kernel
 - o Axial 2 2.5 mm vascular or soft tissue kernel
 - Coronal 2 x 2 mm soft tissue kernel
 - Sagittal 2 x 2 mm soft tissue kernel
 - Coronal MIP 5 x 2 mm soft tissue kernel ("MIP")

Venous (Abdomen / Pelvis)

- Axial 2 2.5 mm soft tissue kernel ("VenAx")
- Coronal 2 x 2 mm soft tissue kernel ("VenCor")
- Sagittal 2 x 2 mm soft tissue kernel ("VenSag")





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*THIN, AXIAL ARTERIAL PHASE - machine-specific thickness (axial):

- GE = 0.625 mm
- Siemens = 0.75-0.8 mm
- Toshiba = 1 mm

*NOT THIN AXIAL ARTERIAL PHASE - machine-specific thickness (axial):

- GE = 2.5 mm
- Siemens = 2 mm
- Toshiba = 2 mm

*AXIAL VENOUS PHASE - machine-specific thickness (axial):

- GE = 2.5 mm
- Siemens = 2 mm
- Toshiba = 2 mm

General Comments

NOTE:

Use of IV contrast is preferred for most indications <u>aside from</u>: pulmonary nodule follow-up, HRCT, lung cancer screening, and in patients with a contraindication to iodinated contrast (see below).

Contrast Relative Contraindications

- Severe contrast allergy: anaphylaxis, laryngospasm, severe bronchospasm
 - If there is history of severe contrast allergy to IV contrast, avoid administration of oral contrast
- Acute kidney injury (AKI): Creatinine increase of greater than 30% over baseline
 - Reference hospital protocol (creatinine cut-off may vary)
- Chronic kidney disease (CKD) stage 4 or 5 (eGFR < 30 mL/min per 1.73 m²) NOT on dialysis
 - Reference hospital protocol







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Contrast Allergy Protocol

- Per hospital protocol
- Discuss with radiologist as necessary

Hydration Protocol

• For eGFR **30-45 mL/min** per 1.73 m²: Follow approved hydration protocol

IV Contrast (where indicated)

- o Isovue 370 is the default intravenous contrast agent
 - o See specific protocols for contrast volume and injection rate
- If Isovue 370 is unavailable:
 - Osmolality 350-370 (i.e., Omnipaque 250): Use same volume as Isovue 370
 - Osmolality 380-320 (i.e., Isovue 300, Visipaque): Use indicated volume + 25 mL (not to exceed 125 mL total contrast)

Oral Contrast

- Dilutions to be performed per site/hospital policy (unless otherwise listed)
- Volumes to be given per site/hospital policy (unless otherwise listed)
- TRA-MINW document is available for reference if necessary (see website)

Brief Summary

- Chest only
 - ✓ Chest W. Chest WO
 - ✓ CTPE
 - ✓ HRCT
 - ✓ Low Dose Screening/Nodule
 - None
- Pelvis only
 - ✓ Pelvis W, Pelvis WO
 - Water, full instructions as indicated
- Routine, excluding chest only and pelvis only
 - ✓ Abd W, Abd WO
 - ✓ Abd/Pel W. Abd/Pel WO
 - ✓ Chest/Abd W, Chest/Abd WO
 - ✓ Chest/Abd/Pel W, Chest/Abd/Pel WO
 - ✓ Neck/Chest/Abd/Pel W, Neck/Chest Abd Pel WO
 - ✓ CTPE + Abd/Pel W
 - TRA-MINW offices: Dilute Isovue-370
 - Hospital sites:
 - ED: Water, if possible







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- Inpatient: prefer Dilute Isovue 370
 - Gastrografin OK if Isovue unavailable
 - Avoid Barium (Readi-Cat)
- FHS/MHS Outpatient: Gastrografin and/or Barium (Readi-Cat)

Multiphase abdomen/pelvis

- ✓ Liver, pancreas
 - Water, full instructions as indicated
- ✓ Renal, adrenal
 - None

• CTA abdomen/pelvis

- ✓ Mesenteric ischemia, acute GI bleed, endograft
 - o Water, full instructions as indicated

Enterography

o Breeza, full instructions as indicated

Esophogram

Dilute Isovue 370, full instructions as indicated

Cystogram, Urogram

None

Venogram

Water, full instructions as indicated